

Financial Statements June 30, 2023

# Madera Unified School District



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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Governing Board Madera Unified School District Madera, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Madera Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Madera Unified School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Adoption of New Accounting Standard**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, for the year ended June 30, 2023. There was no effect on beginning net position or fund balance due to the implementation of this standard. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of the District's contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the

effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fresno, California

December 14, 2023

Esde Sailly LLP



# **Madera Unified School District**

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**Todd Lile, Superintendent** 

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Madera Unified School District (the District) annual financial report presents the District's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023, with comparative information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

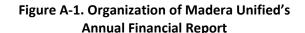
#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts; management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are Government-Wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the Government-Wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.





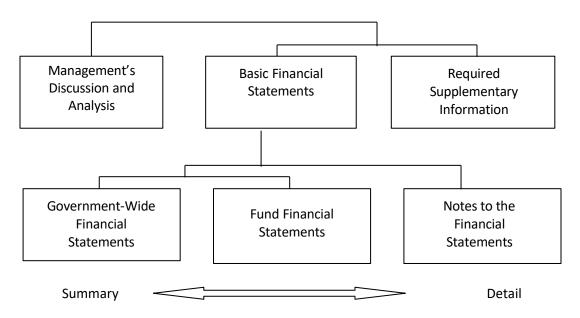


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

6

Figure A-2. Major Features of the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Type of Statements	Government-Wide	Fund Financial Statements
Scope	Entire District, except fiduciary activities	The activities of the District that are not proprietary in nature.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position     Statement of activities	Balance sheet     Statement of revenues,     expenditures and changes in fund balances
		Reconciliation to government- wide financial statements
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The Government-Wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two Government-Wide statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the Government-Wide financial statements the District's activities are combined into one category:

• Governmental activities - The District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, food services, adult education and administration. Property taxes, state formula aid and fees charged, finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like food services and adult education) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Government-Wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

**Net position.** The District's combined net position was \$384,182,682 on June 30, 2023, increasing by \$116,704,257 (see Table A-1).

Table A-1	mental vities	
	2023	2022
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 398,479,792	\$ 324,000,920
Capital assets, right-to-use leased assets,		
and right-to-use subscription IT assets	517,839,714	497,495,412
Total assets	916,319,506	821,496,332
Deferred Outflows of Resources	89,217,420	73,006,310
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	46,467,309	50,593,730
Long-term liabilities	539,079,328_	464,933,016
Total liabilities	585,546,637	515,526,746
Deferred Inflows of Resources	35,807,607	111,498,471
Net Decition		
Net Position  Net investment in capital assets	290,333,488	264,650,987
Restricted	153,636,336	96,828,464
Unrestricted (deficit)	(59,787,142)	(94,002,026)
Tabal mak maniking	¢ 204 402 602	¢ 267 477 425
Total net position	\$ 384,182,682	\$ 267,477,425

Changes in net position. The District's total governmental revenues were \$508,354,375 (see Table A-2). Property taxes and state aid formula accounted for most of the District's revenue, with federal and state unrestricted aid contributing about \$254,186,361 and property taxes contributing about \$46,610,845. Another \$195,254,815 came from operating grants, \$6,109,790 came from capital grants, \$2,480,444 came from fees charged for services, and \$3,712,120 came from miscellaneous sources including developer fees, however those revenues were impacted this year due to investment losses in the County Treasurers pool.

The total cost of all governmental programs and services was \$391,649,118. The District's expenses are primarily related to educating and caring for students (75 percent). The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for just ten percent of the total cost.

Total revenues surpassed expenses, increasing net position \$116,705,257 over last year. Governmental activities contributed to the District's healthier fiscal status.

Table A-2 Governmen Activities		
	2023	2022
Revenues Program revenues Charges for services and sales Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues Federal and State aid not restricted Property taxes Other general revenues	\$ 2,480,444 195,254,815 6,109,790 254,186,361 46,610,845 3,712,120	\$ 2,697,262 109,145,865 36,253,858 222,793,741 44,695,779 1,140,531
Total revenues	508,354,375	416,727,036
Expenses Instruction-related Pupil services Administration Plant services All other services	234,174,001 58,562,272 37,986,707 31,673,924 29,252,214	189,839,487 48,934,710 25,581,083 18,433,522 23,253,862
Total expenses	391,649,118	306,042,664
Change in net position	\$ 116,705,257	\$ 110,684,372

#### **Governmental Activities**

The District strives to uphold its fiduciary duties by protecting and preserving the fiscal prosperity of the District. Adherence to the Madera Unified mission statement of establishing a financially sound and effective organization plays a pivotal role in creating a safe and orderly learning environment, that will result in the greatest student achievement. Our goal is long-term stability to ensure that our focus remain true to providing a quality education, and safe and appropriate facilities for our students.

Table A-3 presents the cost of the District's major activities: instruction-related, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table A-3	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost o	f Services			
	2023	2022	2022 2023				
Instruction-related	\$ 234,174,001	\$ 189,839,487	\$ (98,870,492)	\$ (81,356,687)			
Pupil services	58,562,272	48,934,710	(22,448,729)	(25,154,409)			
Administration	37,986,707	25,581,083	(27,482,562)	(18,327,565)			
Plant services	31,673,924	18,433,522	(28,690,458)	(15,793,129)			
All other services	29,252,214	23,253,862	(10,311,828)	(17,313,889)			
Total	\$ 391,649,118	\$ 306,042,664	\$ (187,804,069)	\$ (157,945,679)			

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The strong financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$352,012,483 which was an increase of \$78,605,293 over the prior year. Below is a summary of some of the changes:

Table A-4	Balances and Activity						
	•	Revenues and	Expenditures				
		Other Financing	and Other				
Governmental Fund	July 1, 2022	Sources	Financing Uses	June 30, 2023			
General	\$ 107,355,203	\$ 465,602,627	\$ 407,811,019	\$ 165,146,811			
Building	39,375,577	604,964	2,052,238	37,928,303			
County School Facilities	52,982,390	6,759,781	9,544,939	50,197,232			
Special Reserve for Capital	- , ,	-,, -	-,- ,	, - , -			
Outlay Projects	48,831,332	26,793,094	2,750,957	72,873,469			
Student Activities	829,490	1,129,407	1,117,118	841,779			
Adult Education	536,300	1,751,021	1,736,906	550,415			
Child Development	562,688	3,540,017	3,590,356	512,349			
Cafeteria	5,698,882	20,682,677	18,608,785	7,772,774			
Capital Facilities	6,315,975	4,131,350	3,419,322	7,028,003			
Bond Interest and Redemption	10,193,233	9,548,756	11,322,696	8,419,293			
COP Debt Service	726,120	6,200,514	6,184,579	742,055			
Total	\$ 273,407,190	\$ 546,744,208	\$ 468,138,915	\$ 352,012,483			

- The increase in the General Fund Balance of \$57,791,608 is due primarily to an increase in Local Control Funding Formula, state learning loss mitigation funds, and cost management.
- The Building Fund decreased by \$1,447,274 due to continued construction costs.
- The County School Facilities Fund decreased by \$2,785,158 due to continued construction costs.
- The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects increased by \$24,042,137 due to contributions from the General Fund for future capital projects.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Four budget periods occur during the year, as the District revises its budget and addresses any changes in revenues and expenditures. The Budget Advisory Committee members met four times during this fiscal year. The committee reviewed the budget and discussed the financial process. Federal and State revenue revisions were made during the year, increasing estimates as it became apparent that actual increases would be realized. Corresponding expenditure revisions were implemented to reflect increasing estimates. For 2023-2024, the committee is scheduled to meet four times. The committee includes Governing Board members, community members, and District administrators. Our goal is transparency, timely information, and community and District input.

The District budgeted a decrease in General Fund balance of \$6,490,787. Revenues and sources were \$63,214,940 more than budgeted and expenditures and uses were \$1,067,455 less than budgeted, leaving the fund with an increase of \$57,791,608.

# CAPITAL ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE LEASED ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE SUBSCRIPTION IT ASSETS, AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

## Capital Assets, Right-to-Use Leased Assets, and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

By the end of fiscal year 2023, the District had invested \$517,839,714 in a broad range of capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets (net of depreciation and amortization), including land and construction in progress, buildings and land improvements, furniture and equipment, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets (see Table A-5). This amount represents an increase of \$20,344,302 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) over last year. The additions mostly included completion of construction projects at Matilda Torres High School and various other modernizations that are ongoing.

Table A-5	Governmental Activities		
	2023	2022	
Land and construction in progress	\$ 51,765,095	\$ 258,993,507	
Buildings and land improvements	433,598,487	209,067,548	
Furniture and equipment	21,470,162	19,422,208	
Right-to-use leased assets	10,742,622	10,012,149	
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	263,348_		
Total	\$ 517,839,714	\$ 497,495,412	

We present more detailed information about our capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets in the Notes to Financial Statements.

### **Long-Term Liabilities**

- . . . .

At year-end the District had \$539,079,328 long-term liabilities outstanding – an increase of 16% from last year (see Table A-6).

Table A-6	Governmental					
		Activ	ctivities			
		2023		2022		
Long-Term Liabilities						
General obligation bonds	\$	179,953,873	\$	183,968,891		
Certificates of participation		82,970,000		85,080,000		
Unamortized debt premiums		13,736,692		14,662,916		
Financed purchase agreement		1,281,317		1,620,868		
Leases		11,726,598		10,557,745		
Classified early retirement liabilities		894,660		1,180,210		
PARS early retirement program		2,067,208		2,756,277		
Compensated absences		681,680		619,938		
Net OPEB liability		23,257,774		24,244,027		
Aggregate net pension liability		222,509,526		140,242,144		
Total	\$	539,079,328	\$	464,933,016		

The District's Moody's bond rating as of the most recent bond issuance was "Aa3". In addition, the District's certificates of participation S&P rating at the time of their last issuance was "AA".

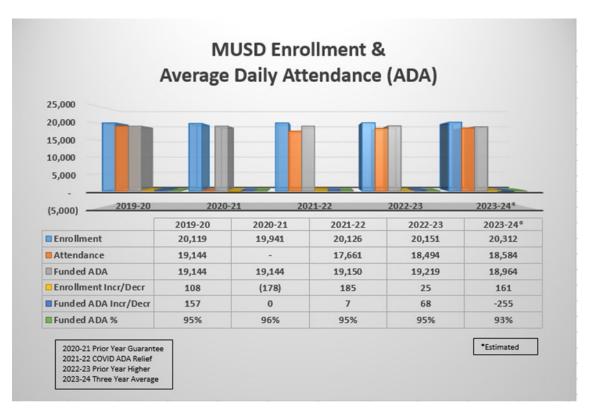
At year-end, the District has an aggregate net pension liability of \$222,509,526 versus \$140,242,144 last year, an increase of \$82,267,382. The District also reported deferred outflows of resources from pension activities of \$79,903,146, and deferred inflows of resources from pension activities of \$27,962,772. This results in a net reduction to the District's net position related to the pension activities of \$170,569,152.

We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the Notes to Financial Statements.

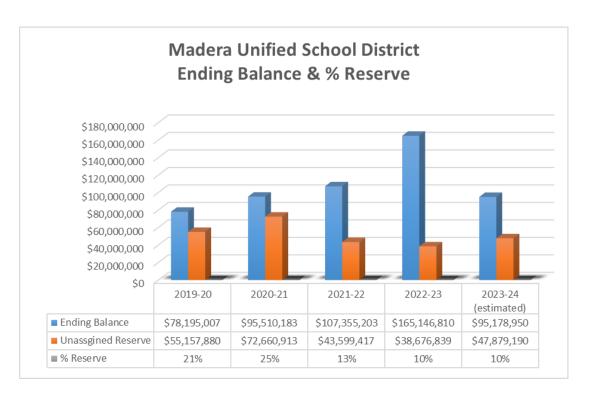
#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

The District closely monitors its budget every month and has a multi-year projection for three years. The Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) calculator is updated four times per year and revenue projections are evaluated. The 2022-2023 LCFF revenue included a 6.56% cost-of-living (COLA) and the 6.70% Base Grant increase, while the LCFF for 2023-2024 will be funded with 8.22% COLA only. The list below are factors that could impact financial stability in the future:

- The District enrollment for 2022-2023 was at 20,151. The actual average daily attendance (ADA) was reported at 18,493 this year. The District was funded using the last three-year average of 19,219.
- The 2023-2024 school year began on August 7, 2023. The District will be reporting enrollment on the census day, the first Wednesday in October to the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS). The enrollment projection for this school year was estimated at 20,312. The District's enrollment is experiencing a slight increase as the transitional kindergarten (TK) program expands. The Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) has been calculated using the estimated funded ADA at 18,964, the last three-year average.



- The District in collaboration with its union partners were able to negotiate a two-year settlement expiring on June 30, 2024. All employees received a 6% salary increase in 2022-2023 and a 4% salary increase for 2023-2024.
- We continue the construction plans for the King Hussein School, a new K-8 elementary school. The school
  opening is estimated for August 2025. The Torres High School stadium is underway and the completion
  date is estimated for December of this year. The solar system project at all our schools and the major
  departments is almost complete. Few properties have been acquired and plans are underway to develop a
  facility for the Expanded Learning Opportunities Program.
- Increases in Step/Column, CalSTRS, and CalPERS and Health/Welfare costs continue to be monitored and are a major concern of the District. Multi-year projections will continue to include these increases. The multi-year projection is fundamental for financial and budget decisions related to future educational services for the students of Madera Unified School District.
- The General Fund ending balance as of June 30, 2023, is \$165 million and a reserve of 10%. The ending balance includes \$86 million from Unrestricted funds and \$79 million from Restricted funds. The focus will be on maximizing the use of One-Time funds due to the restrictive nature and reserve local resources for future expenditures.
- Starting with Fiscal Year 2022-2023, the law imposes a 10% cap on the amount local school districts can maintain in their reserves. The Governing Board adopted resolution No.22-2021-2022 authorizing the increase or decrease of the inter-fund transfer to the Special Reserve Building Fund (Fund 41) to ensure the 10% reserve cap is met in 2022-2023 and in future years. The Governing Board also committed reserves with resolution No.41-2021-2022 to protect the board goals and district initiatives. The committed funds are excluded from the 10% reserve cap calculation. The committed reserve funds include the following:
  - o Unrestricted Lottery Textbooks \$10.4 million
  - o LCFF Concentration Funds \$13.6 million
  - o Unrestricted LCFF Funds \$22 million (to cover salaries & benefits currently paid with One-Time Funds until 2028)
- The District's ending balance in the General Fund shows the good management of the District's finances and the prudence of the Governing Board's decisions. Maintaining a healthy reserve allows the District to manage cash flow, mitigate funding, address unexpected costs, save for large purchases, and reduce borrowing costs.



The District has been awarded a total of \$201 million in COVID Relief funds and other One-Time Funds. These funds have brought an opportunity for the District to find ways to take advantage of this unique situation to benefit the District in future years. Using this approach, the District is maximizing the use of these funds to fund new programs such as Elementary Elective classes, Teacher Mentor program and additional pay for zero and seventh periods, after-school tutoring, Year Round certificated substitutes and Strategic Academic Planning at all schools.

The table below shows the prior year expenditures, current year budgeted amounts, and available balances of the various funds.

Resource	Fund Type	Deadline	A	ward Amount	Spent	Spent	Spent	Budgeted	
					2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24*	Balance
32200	LLM - CRF	5/31/2021	\$	21,376,099	\$ 21,376,099	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
74200	LLM - Prop 98	6/30/2021	\$	1,926,829	\$ 1,926,829	\$	\$ -	\$	\$ -
32100	ESSER I	9/30/2022	\$	7,079,582	\$ 3,791,652	\$ 3,287,930	\$ -	\$	\$ -
32110	ESSER Comm School	9/30/2022	\$	999,999	\$ -	\$ 793,637	\$ 206,362	\$ -	\$ 0
32150	LLM - GEER	9/30/2022	\$	828,940	\$ 178,421	\$ 650,519	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
32120	ESSER II	9/30/2023	\$	30,562,526	\$ 2,341	\$ 20,107,038	\$ 10,453,147	\$ -	\$ -
32160	ELO-G (State Reserve)	9/30/2023	\$	2,424,773	\$ -	\$ 517,695	\$ 1,907,079	\$	\$ (0)
32170	ELO-G (ESSER II)	9/30/2023	\$	559,493	\$ -	\$ 548,857	\$ 10,636	\$	\$ (0)
74220	IPI	9/30/2024	\$	8,695,440	\$ 3,937,331	\$ 4,193,221	\$ 564,888	\$	\$ (0)
74250	ELO-G*	9/30/2024	\$	7,482,227	\$ 2,203,317	\$ 5,278,910	\$ -	\$	\$ -
74260	ELO-G - Paras*	9/30/2024	\$	1,572,979	\$ -	\$ 912,414	\$ 660,565	\$	\$ -
32180	ELO-G (ESSER III)	9/30/2024	\$	1,558,941	\$ -	\$	\$ 1,558,941	\$	\$
32190	ELO-G (Learning Loss)	9/30/2024	\$	2,687,345	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 856,896	\$ 1,830,449	\$ 0
32130	ESSER III	9/30/2024	\$	54,962,207	\$ -	\$ 9,669,670	\$ 30,226,181	\$ 15,066,356	\$ 0
32140	ESSER III (LLM)	9/30/2024	\$	13,740,552	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,503,566	\$ 12,236,986	\$ (0)
67620	Arts, Music & IM Grant	6/30/2026	\$	11,557,701	\$	\$ -	\$ 1,181,022	\$ 10,376,679	\$ 0
74350	Learning Recovery Grant	6/30/2028	\$	32,880,085	\$	\$	\$ 75,922	\$ 32,804,163	\$ 0
			\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
			\$	200,895,717	\$ 33,415,990	\$ 45,959,891	\$ 49,205,204	\$ 72,314,633	\$ (0)

\*Budgeted amounts includes the following:

Encumbered: \$ 24,653,181 Spent: \$ 2,969,942 Available Budget: \$ 44,691,509 \$ 72,314,633

Madera Unified School District's goal is to maintain a balanced budget, minimal debt, competitive salaries; and most importantly, rigorous programs and high-quality learning for our students.

#### **CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Madera Unified School District, 1902 Howard Road, Madera, California 93637.

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 367,541,178
Receivables	29,347,965
Prepaid expense	81,475
Stores inventories	1,509,174
Capital assets not depreciated	51,765,095
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	455,068,649
Right-to-use leased assets, net of	433,000,043
accumulated amortization	10,742,622
Right-to-use subscription IT assets, net of accumulated amortization	
Right-to-use subscription in assets, het of accumulated amortization	263,348
Total assets	916,319,506
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	9,314,274
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	79,903,146
·	00.247.420
Total deferred outflows of resources	89,217,420
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	36,656,086
Unearned revenue	9,811,223
Long-term liabilities	3,011,223
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due within one year	9,630,747
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year	283,681,281
Net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB)	23,257,774
Aggregate net pension liabilities	222,509,526
Total liabilities	585,546,637
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	7,844,835
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	27,962,772
Total deferred inflows of resources	35,807,607
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	290,333,488
Restricted for	230,000, 100
Debt service	9,161,348
Capital projects	
Educational programs	57,225,235
Child nutrition	79,600,816 6,807,158
Student activities	841,779
Unrestricted (deficit)	(59,787,142)
Total net position	\$ 384,182,682

			Program Revenue	25	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	Net Position
		Services and	<b>Grants and</b>	<b>Grants and</b>	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Sales	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Covernmental Activities					
Governmental Activities	\$193,962,336	\$ 30,630	\$ 110,195,989	\$ 6,109,790	\$ (77,625,927)
Instruction Instruction-related activities	\$193,962,336	\$ 30,630	\$ 110,195,989	\$ 6,109,790	\$ (77,625,927)
Supervision of instruction	14,915,475	10,782	9,336,736	_	(5,567,957)
Instructional library, media,	14,913,473	10,762	9,330,730		(3,307,937)
and technology	2,484,498	2,634	614,300	_	(1,867,564)
School site administration	22,811,692	461	9,002,187	_	(13,809,044)
Pupil services	22,011,032	401	3,002,107		(13,003,044)
Home-to-school transportation	7,686,980	-	318,675	_	(7,368,305)
Food services	18,292,281	101,689	22,355,613	-	4,165,021
All other pupil services	32,583,011	27,864	13,309,702	-	(19,245,445)
Administration	, ,	•			, , , ,
Data processing	5,756,635	-	48,205	-	(5,708,430)
All other administration	32,230,072	7,293	10,448,647	-	(21,774,132)
Plant services	31,673,924	6,513	2,976,953	-	(28,690,458)
Ancillary services	11,929,247	144	8,614,096	-	(3,315,007)
Enterprise services	325,361	-	-	-	(325,361)
Interest on long-term liabilities	11,443,437	-	-	-	(11,443,437)
Other outgo	5,554,169	2,292,434	8,033,712		4,771,977
Total covernmental					
Total governmental	4004 640 440	4 2 422 444	4 405 054 045	A 6 400 700	(407.004.000)
activities	\$391,649,118	\$ 2,480,444	\$ 195,254,815	\$ 6,109,790	(187,804,069)
General Revenues and Subventions					
Property taxes, levied for general p	urnoses				35,900,202
Property taxes, levied for debt servi					9,475,296
Taxes levied for other specific purpo					1,235,347
Federal and State aid not restricted		ISES			254,186,361
Interest and investment earnings	to specific purpo	363			523,048
Interagency revenues					741,245
Miscellaneous					2,447,827
					, , , -
Subtotal, general revenue	es and subventio	ns			304,509,326
Change in Net Position					116,705,257
Net Position - Beginning					267,477,425
Net Position - Ending					\$ 384,182,682

# Madera Unified School District Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures Stores inventories	\$ 209,634,769 23,770,429 572,895 81,475 546,698	\$ 38,150,474 - - - -	\$ 51,421,118 - - - - -	\$ 47,198,084 - 26,000,000 - -	\$ 21,136,733 5,577,536 177,526 - 962,476	\$ 367,541,178 29,347,965 26,750,421 81,475 1,509,174
Total assets	\$ 234,606,266	\$ 38,150,474	\$ 51,421,118	\$ 73,198,084	\$ 27,854,271	\$ 425,230,213
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 33,988,255 26,177,526 9,293,674	\$ 222,171	\$ 1,223,886	\$ 324,615	\$ 897,159 572,895 517,549	\$ 36,656,086 26,750,421 9,811,223
Total liabilities	69,459,455	222,171	1,223,886	324,615	1,987,603	73,217,730
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	678,173 79,088,467 46,067,496 635,566 38,677,109	37,928,303 - - -	50,197,232 - - - -	- - - 72,873,469 -	967,616 24,350,637 241,268 307,147	1,645,789 191,564,639 46,308,764 73,816,182 38,677,109
Total fund balances	165,146,811	37,928,303	50,197,232	72,873,469	25,866,668	352,012,483
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 234,606,266	\$ 38,150,474	\$ 51,421,118	\$ 73,198,084	\$ 27,854,271	\$ 425,230,213

See Notes to Financial Statements

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 352,012,483
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.  The cost of capital assets is	\$ 658,635,420	
Accumulated depreciation is	(151,801,676)	
Net capital assets		506,833,744
Right-to-use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of right-to-use leased assets is  Accumulated amortization is	11,451,679	
Accumulated amortization is	(709,057)	
Net right-to-use leased assets		10,742,622
Right-to-use subscription IT assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of right-to-use subscription IT assets is	395,022	
Accumulated amortization is	(131,674)	
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets		263,348
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to	0.214.274	
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability Aggregate net pension liability	9,314,274 79,903,146	
Total deferred outflows of resources		89,217,420
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	(7,844,835)	
Aggregate net pension liability	(27,962,772)	
Total deferred inflows of resources		(35,807,607)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(222,509,526)

The District's OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.

(23,257,774)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of

General obligation bonds including unamortized premiums

Certificates of participation

Financed purchase agreement

Leases

Classified early retirement program

PARS early retirement program

Compensated absences

(169,456,614)
(82,970,000)
(1,281,317)
(11,726,598)
(11,726,598)
(894,660)
(2,067,208)
(681,680)

In addition, capital appreciation general obligation bonds were issued. The accretion of interest to date on the general obligation bonds is

(24,233,951)

Total long-term liabilities

(293,312,028)

Total net position - governmental activities

\$ 384,182,682

	General Fund	Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ 283,776,122 67,717,718 103,920,265 8,420,512	\$ - - - 604,964	\$ - 5,935,988 823,793
Total revenues	463,834,617	604,964	6,759,781
Expenditures Current Instruction	196,532,054	<u>-</u>	_
Instruction-related activities Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media,	14,724,646	-	-
and technology School site administration Pupil services	2,522,139 22,784,503	<del>-</del> -	<del>-</del>
Home-to-school transportation Food services All other pupil services Administration	7,693,262 475,174 33,278,758	- - -	- - -
Data processing All other administration Plant services	5,732,572 31,240,439 35,532,630	- - -	- - -
Ancillary services Other outgo Enterprise services Facility acquisition and construction	10,729,223 5,554,169 319,820 8,727,074	- - - 2,052,238	- - - 9,544,939
Debt service Principal Interest and other	857,042 61,180	- -	-
Total expenditures	376,764,685	2,052,238	9,544,939
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	87,069,932	(1,447,274)	(2,785,158)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Sources from leases Sources from subscription-based IT arrangements Transfers out	81,666 1,291,322 395,022 (31,046,334)	- - - -	- - - -
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(29,278,324)	<del>-</del>	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	57,791,608	(1,447,274)	(2,785,158)
Fund Balance - Beginning	107,355,203	39,375,577	52,982,390
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 165,146,811	\$ 37,928,303	\$ 50,197,232

	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ - - - 793,094	\$ - 16,631,759 9,009,874 15,113,364	\$ 283,776,122 84,349,477 118,866,127 25,755,727
Total revenues	793,094	40,754,997	512,747,453
Expenditures Current Instruction	_	3,443,492	199,975,546
Instruction-related activities Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media,	-	552,934	15,277,580
and technology School site administration Pupil services	- -	547,451	2,522,139 23,331,954
Home-to-school transportation Food services All other pupil services Administration	- - -	17,525,753 68,299	7,693,262 18,000,927 33,347,057
Data processing All other administration Plant services	- - 16,895	- 722,346 955,020	5,732,572 31,962,785 36,504,545
Ancillary services Other outgo Enterprise services	- - - - 2 724 062	1,117,118	11,846,341 5,554,169 319,820
Facility acquisition and construction Debt service Principal Interest and other	2,734,062	2,275,997 8,170,000 9,337,275	25,334,310 9,027,042 9,398,455
Total expenditures	2,750,957	44,715,685	435,828,504
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,957,863)	(3,960,688)	76,918,949
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Sources from leases Sources from subscription-based IT arrangements Transfers out	26,000,000 - - -	6,228,745 - - (1,264,077)	32,310,411 1,291,322 395,022 (32,310,411)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	26,000,000	4,964,668	1,686,344
Net Change in Fund Balances	24,042,137	1,003,980	78,605,293
Fund Balance - Beginning	48,831,332	24,862,688	273,407,190
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 72,873,469	\$ 25,866,668	\$ 352,012,483

### Madera Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental

Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 78,605,293

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expenses in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation and amortization expenses in the period.

Capital outlays
Depreciation and amortization expenses

\$ 32,209,852 (11,865,550)

Net expense adjustment

20,344,302

The District issued capital appreciation general obligations bonds. The accretion of interest on the general obligation bonds during the current fiscal year was

(2,044,982)

Right-to-use leased assets acquired this year were financed with leases. The amount financed by the leases is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the leases are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

(1,291,322)

Right-to-use subscription IT assets acquired this year were financed with Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs). The amount financed by the SBITAs is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the SBITAs are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

(395,022)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirements) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Special termination benefits is the difference between the amount awarded and the amount paid. Compensated absences is the difference between vacation earned and used.

912,877

### Madera Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental

Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2023

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and aggregate net pension liability during the year.

9,974,939

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net OPEB liability during the year.

645,906

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Premium amortization 926,224

Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

General obligation bonds	6,060,000
Certificates of participation	2,110,000
Financed purchase agreement	339,551
Leases	122,469
Subscription-based IT arrangements	395,022

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 116,705,257

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The Madera Unified School District (the District) was established in 1966, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected seven-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 12 and adults, as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates eighteen elementary schools, three middle schools, two comprehensive high schools, two alternative education schools, one community day school, and one adult education school.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Madera Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

#### **Component Units**

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. For financial reporting purposes, the component unit described below has a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements For Certain Component Units and thus is included in the financial statements of the District. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements as if it were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component unit is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because its purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the benefit of the District.

The Madera Unified School District Financing Corporation financial activity is presented in the financial statements as the COP Debt Service Fund. Certificates of participation issued by the Corporation are included as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

# **Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting**

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are all governmental.

**Governmental Funds** Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

**Building Fund** The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to Education Code Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (Education Code Section 17070 et seq.).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects** The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

# **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds** The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- Student Activities Fund The Student Activities Fund is used to account separately for local revenues generated for and expenditures used by school sites to support their student body activities including student clubs, general operations, scholarships and athletics.
- Adult Education Fund The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- **Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

• Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

**Capital Project Funds** The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

• Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and *Government Code* Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

**Debt Service Funds** The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).
- **COP Debt Service Fund** The COP Debt Service Fund is used to account for the interest and redemption of principal of Certificates of Participation.

#### **Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus**

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function, and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation and amortization of leased assets and subscription IT assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Fund Financial Statements** Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

• Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

**Unearned Revenue** Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

**Expenses/Expenditures** On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide statements.

#### Investments

Investments held with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### **Prepaid Expenditures (Expenses)**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **Stores Inventories**

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

## **Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District records the value of intangible right-to-use assets based on the underlying leased asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The right-to-use intangible asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

The District records the value of right-to-use subscription IT assets based on the underlying subscription asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The right-to-use subscription IT asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the *Statement of Net Position*.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

#### **Premiums**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Debt premiums related to those obligations are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for pension related items and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items and for OPEB related items.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

### **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of

purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

#### Leases

The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease term, the District measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

# **Subscriptions**

The District recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription IT asset (subscription IT asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription term, the District measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription IT asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription IT asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset.

#### **Fund Balances - Governmental Funds**

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

**Committed** - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

**Assigned** - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business official may assign amounts for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** - all other spendable amounts.

### **Spending Order Policy**

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

# **Minimum Fund Balance Policy**

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The policy states that the District intends to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance, which includes a reserve for economic uncertainties, of ten percent of the District's General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$153,636,336 of restricted net position.

# **Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### **Property Tax**

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Madera bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### **Change in Accounting Principles**

#### Implementation of GASB Statement No. 96

As of July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The implementation of this standard establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription IT asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding liability. The standard provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA. The Statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. There was no effect on beginning net position or fund balance due to the implementation of this standard. The additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Notes 5 and 10.

# Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	\$ 36	57,541,178
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:		
Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving Investments	\$	737,209 55,140 56,748,829
Total deposits and investments	\$ 36	57,541,178

#### **Policies and Practices**

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

**Investment in County Treasury** - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

## **General Authorizations**

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool which purchases a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and which also times cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District maintains an investment of \$366,748,829 in the Madera County Treasury Investment Pool that has an average weighted maturity of 657 days.

#### **Credit Risk - Investments**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. The is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment with the Madera County Treasury Investment Pool is currently not rated, nor is it required to be rated.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, \$496,458 of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

#### Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active
  markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that
  are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied
  volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2
  input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the
  circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if
  reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or
  certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments balance of \$366,748,829 in the Madera County Treasury investment pool was uncategorized.

# Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, and local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal Government Categorical aid State Government	\$ 15,671,504	\$ 3,749,880	\$ 19,421,384
Categorical aid Local Sources	7,135,096 963,829	1,809,367 18,289	8,944,463 982,118
Total	\$ 23,770,429	\$ 5,577,536	\$ 29,347,965

# Note 5 - Capital Assets, Right-to-Use Leased Assets, and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

Capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
	\$ 22,493,332	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,493,332
Construction in progress	236,500,175	21,828,081	(229,056,493)	29,271,763
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	258,993,507	21,828,081	(229,056,493)	51,765,095
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	24,673,341	2,121,804	-	26,795,145
Buildings and improvements	294,243,869	230,245,842	-	524,489,711
Furniture and equipment	50,201,195	5,384,274		55,585,469
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	369,118,405	237,751,920		606,870,325
Total capital assets	628,111,912	259,580,001	(229,056,493)	658,635,420
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(12,366,948)	(1,232,147)	-	(13,599,095)
Buildings and improvements	(97,482,714)	(6,604,560)	-	(104,087,274)
Furniture and equipment	(30,778,987)	(3,336,320)		(34,115,307)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	(140,628,649)	(11,173,027)		(151,801,676)
Net depreciable capital assets	228,489,756	226,578,893		455,068,649
Right-to-use leased assets being amortized				
Buildings and improvements	10,536,710	1,291,322	(510,012)	11,318,020
Furniture and equipment	133,659			133,659
Total right-to-use leased assets				
being amortized	10,670,369	1,291,322	(510,012)	11,451,679
Accumulated amortization				
Buildings and improvements	(634,352)	(541,755)	510,012	(666,095)
Furniture and equipment	(23,868)	(19,094)		(42,962)
Total accumulated				
amortization	(658,220)	(560,849)	510,012	(709,057)

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2023
Net right-to-use leased assets	10,012,149	730,473			10,742,622
Right-to-use subscription IT assets being amortized		205 222			205 222
Right-to-use subscription IT assets Accumulated amortization	-	395,022 (131,674)	-		395,022 (131,674)
•					
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets	-	263,348			263,348
Governmental activities capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets, net	\$ 497,495,412	\$ 249,400,795	\$ (229,056,493)	Ċ I	517,839,714
subscription in assets, net	3 497,495,412	3 249,400,793	\$ (229,030,493)	<u>ې ر</u>	317,039,714
Depreciation and amortization expenses w	ere charged to go	overnmental functi	ons as follows:		
Governmental Activities					
Instruction				\$	6,456,758
Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media, and technic	ology				442,958 73,127
School site administration	ology				676,486
Home-to-school transportation					223,058
Food services					521,918
All other pupil services					966,864
Ancilliary services					343,473
Enterprise .					9,273
All other administration					926,728
Data processing					166,210
Plant services					1,058,697
Total depreciation and amortizatio	n expenses - gov	ernmental activitie	S	\$	11,865,550

# Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

# Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023, between major and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

Funds	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
Major Governmental Funds General	\$ 572,895	\$ 26,177,526
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	26,000,000	3 20,177,320 -
Non-Major Governmental Funds	, ,	
Child Development	41,408	674
Cafeteria	136,118	490,555
Capital Facilities		81,666
Total	\$ 26,750,421	\$ 26,750,421
The Consul Found access the Consiel Becomes Found for Constel Out	la Duais ata fau buildina	
The General Fund owes the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Out projects.	lay Projects for building	\$ 26,000,000
The Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund owes the General	Fund for indirect costs.	490,555
The General Fund owes the Cafeteria Non-Major Gonvernmenta		.50,555
School pay and indirect costs.		136,118
The Capital Facilities Non-Major Governmental Fund owes the G	eneral Fund for the	
allowable three percent developer administration fee.		81,666
The General Fund owes the Child Development Non-Major Gove	ernmental Fund for	44 400
miscellaneous expenditures. The Child Development Non-Major Governmental Fund owes the	o Gonoral Fund for an	41,408
expense transfer.	e General Fullu IOI all	674
expense dansier.		
Total Interfund Receivables/Payables		\$ 26,750,421

# **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for future new school construction needs.	\$ 26,000,000
The General Fund transferred to the Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for the annual COP debt service payment.	5,005,500
The Capital Facilities Non-Major Governmental Fund transferred to the Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for debt service payment.	1,182,411
The Capital Facilities Non-Major Governmental Fund transferred to the General Fund for the allowable three percent developer administration fee.	81,666
The General Fund transferred to the Child Development Fund for miscellaneous expenditures.	40,834
Total	\$ 32,310,411

# Note 7 - Prepaid Expenditures

Prepaid expenditures at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	 General Fund		
Travel and conferences	\$ 81,475		

# Note 8 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund		Facilities		Fund	cial Reserve d for Capital lay Projects	on-Major vernmental Funds	Total
Vendor payables LCFF apportionment Accrued salaries	\$ 13,550,395 3,558,641	\$ 222,171 -	\$	1,223,886	\$	324,615 -	\$ 712,583 -	\$ 16,033,650 3,558,641		
and benefits State categorical aid	14,845,900 2,033,319	<u> </u>		- -		- -	184,576 -	15,030,476 2,033,319		
Total	\$ 33,988,255	\$ 222,171	\$	1,223,886	\$	324,615	\$ 897,159	\$ 36,656,086		

# Note 9 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023, consists of the following:

	General Fund			on-Major vernmental Funds	 Total	
Federal financial assistance State categorical aid	\$	7,070,827 2,222,847	\$	- 517,549	\$ 7,070,827 2,740,396	
Total	\$	9,293,674	\$	517,549	\$ 9,811,223	

# Note 10 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

# **Summary**

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Additions Deductions		Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 183,968,891	\$ 2,044,982	\$ (6,060,000)	\$179,953,873	\$ 5,985,000
		\$ 2,044,36Z	, ,		
Certificates of participation	85,080,000	-	(2,110,000)	82,970,000	2,200,000
Unamortized debt premiums	14,662,916	=	(926,224)	13,736,692	=
Financed purchase agreement	1,620,868	-	(339,551)	1,281,317	350,970
Leases	10,557,745	1,291,322	(122,469)	11,726,598	85,584
Subscription-based IT					
arrangements	-	395,022	(395,022)	-	_
Classified early retirement					
program	1,180,210	87,480	(373,030)	894,660	320,124
PARS early retirement					
, program	2,756,277	-	(689,069)	2,067,208	689,069
Compensated absences	619,938	61,742		681,680	
Total	\$ 300,446,845	\$ 3,880,548	\$ (11,015,365)	\$ 293,312,028	\$ 9,630,747

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local tax revenues. The COP Debt Service Fund makes payments for the Certificates of Participation. The premiums will be amortized over the life of the related debt. Payments on the financed purchase agreement, subscription-based IT arrangements, and early retirement programs are made by the General Fund. The leases are paid by the fund using the right-to-use asset. The compensated absences will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

# **General Obligation Bonds**

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Series	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2022	Interest Accreted	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2023
Current Int	terest Bonds							
2/22/12	2012	8/2028	2.0-3.625%	\$ 12,925,000	\$ 860,000	\$ -	\$ (860,000)	\$ -
		•		. , ,	. ,	- د	+ (,,	•
12/3/14	2014	8/2023	3.0-5.0%	15,535,000	4,045,000	-	(1,925,000)	2,120,000
8/3/16	2006-Series 2016	8/2040	2.5-2.875%	4,501,000	4,501,000	-	<u>-</u>	4,501,000
6/1/17	2014-Series 2017	8/2046	2.0-5.0%	63,000,000	59,645,000	-	(150,000)	59,495,000
6/26/19	2018-Series 2019	8/2048	3.0-5.0%	35,000,000	29,540,000	-	-	29,540,000
8/4/20	2018-Series 2020	8/2050	2.375-4.0%	35,000,000	34,950,000	-	(500,000)	34,450,000
8/4/20	2022-Series 2022			6,765,000	6,765,000	-		6,765,000
Capital Apr	oreciation Bonds			, ,	, ,			, ,
5/1/05	2002-Series 2005	8/2029	4.77-5.23%	13,329,104	9,267,928	_	(985,964)	8,281,964
3, 2, 33	Accreted interest	0, 2025	, 5.267	-	12,914,525	1,036,683	(1,314,036)	12,637,172
3/1/06	2002-Series 2006	8/2029	4.68%	1,885,059	1,415,706	, , , <u>-</u>	(157,287)	1,258,419
	Accreted interest	•		-	1,746,650	145,690	(167,713)	1,724,627
3/1/07	2006-Series 2007	8/2031	4.41-4.52%	9,308,839	9,308,539	· -		9,308,539
-, -, -,	Accreted interest	-,		-	9,009,543	862,609	-	9,872,152
Total					\$ 183,968,891	\$ 2,044,982	\$ (6,060,000)	\$ 179,953,873

# **Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

The current interest bonds mature as follows:

		Interest to	
<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Principal	Maturity	Total
2024	\$ 3,250,000	\$ 5,258,563	\$ 8,508,563
2025	1,350,000	5,103,663	6,453,663
2026	1,705,000	5,038,463	6,743,463
2027	1,990,000	4,959,213	6,949,213
2028	2,290,000	4,866,913	7,156,913
2029-2033	12,206,000	22,816,860	35,022,860
2034-2038	22,120,000	19,631,614	41,751,614
2039-2043	34,180,000	13,944,029	48,124,029
2044-2048	43,575,000	5,670,180	49,245,180
2049-2051	14,205,000	487,768	14,692,768
Total	\$ 136,871,000	\$ 87,777,266	\$ 224,648,266

The capital appreciation bonds mature as follows:

Bonds Maturing Fiscal Year	B	Initial ond Value	Accreted Interest	Accreted Obligation	 Inaccreted Interest	Maturity Value
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029-2032	\$	1,125,372 2,288,538 2,267,996 2,251,773 2,235,956 8,679,287	\$ 1,609,628 2,836,216 2,837,484 2,833,850 2,830,182 11,286,591	\$ 2,735,000 5,124,754 5,105,480 5,085,623 5,066,138 19,965,878	\$ 245,246 504,520 774,377 1,058,862 7,174,122	\$ 2,735,000 5,370,000 5,610,000 5,860,000 6,125,000 27,140,000
Total	\$	18,848,922	\$ 24,233,951	\$ 43,082,873	\$ 9,757,127	\$ 52,840,000

# **Certificates of Participation**

In February 2014, the District, pursuant to a lease/purchase agreement with the Madera Unified School District Financing Corporation, issued \$16,745,000 in Certificates of Participation. The proceeds were used to refund the \$16,235,000 remaining balance of the 2004 Certificates of Participation. The certificates were issued at an interest rate of 3.87% and the certificates have a final maturity to occur on September 1, 2033. At June 30, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$10,535,000.

In August 2018, the District, pursuant to a lease/purchase agreement with the Madera Unified School District Financing Corporation, issued \$75,070,000 in Certificates of Participation. The proceeds were used to finance improvements to education facilities within the District. The certificates were issued at a interest rate of 5.00% and the certificates have a final maturity to occur on September 1, 2048. At June 30, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$72,435,000.

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 4,014,263	\$ 6,214,263
2025	2,305,000	3,912,554	6,217,554
2026	2,410,000	3,805,837	6,215,837
2027	2,520,000	3,694,360	6,214,360
2028	2,635,000	3,577,628	6,212,628
2029-2033	15,140,000	15,935,535	31,075,535
2034-2038	13,905,000	12,461,002	26,366,002
2039-2043	16,280,000	8,915,000	25,195,000
2044-2048	20,775,000	4,417,250	25,192,250
2049	4,800,000	240,000	5,040,000
Total	\$ 82,970,000	\$ 60,973,429	\$ 143,943,429

#### **Financed Purchase Agreement**

The District has entered into an energy retrofit agreement which is, in substance, a purchase and is reported as a financed purchase. The District's liability on the agreement is summarized below:

Year Ending June 30,	Princ	cipal	Interest	 Total
2024 2025 2026 2027	3	50,970 \$ 62,921 75,137 92,289	40,069 28,117 15,901 3,230	\$ 391,039 391,038 391,038 195,519
Total	\$ 1,2	81,317 \$	87,317	\$ 1,368,634

#### Leases

The District has entered into agreements to lease various facilities and equipment. The District's liability on lease agreements is summarized below:

Lease	Leases Outstanding July 1, 2022	Addition	Payments	Leases Outstanding June 30, 2023
Madera TEC Madera TEC Equipment Madera Adult School Madera Adult School - renewal	\$ 10,213,058 110,666 234,021	\$ - - - 1,291,322	\$ 152,590 (18,663) (234,021) (22,375)	\$ 10,365,648 92,003 - 1,268,947
Total	\$ 10,557,745	\$ 1,291,322	\$ (122,469)	\$ 11,726,598

# Madera Technical Exploration Center

The District entered an agreement to lease Madera Technical Exploration Center for thirty-five years, beginning in March, 2021. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays quarterly payments of \$15,000 until June 2028, at which time the quarterly payment increases to \$131,250, which amounts to total principal and interest payments of \$15,120,000. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 2.07%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset of \$10,026,698 and a lease liability of \$10,365,648 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$286,477 in amortization expense and \$212,590 in interest expense for the right-to-use the building.

### Madera Technical Exploration Center Equipment Lease Agreement

The District entered an agreement to lease equipment at Madera Technical Exploration Center for seven years, beginning in March, 2021. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays quarterly payments of \$5,000, which amounts to total principal and interest payments of \$140,000. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 1.29%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset of \$133,659 and a lease liability of \$92,003 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$19,094 in amortization expense and \$1,338 in interest expense for the right-to-use the equipment.

# Madera Adult School

The District renewed an agreement to lease Madera Adult School for five years on May 23, 2023. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays monthly payments of \$22,375 which increases 3% annually, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$1,425,519. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 4%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset of \$1,291,322 and a lease liability of \$1,268,947 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$21,522 in amortization expense and no interest expense for the right-to-use the equipment.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the lease obligation debt as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year EndingJune 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 85,584	\$ 263,590	\$ 349,174
2025	99,868	257,382	357,250
2026	115,038	250,530	365,568
2027	131,138	242,996	374,134
2028	233,528	234,741	468,269
2029-2033	1,555,218	1,069,782	2,625,000
2034-2038	1,724,348	900,652	2,625,000
2039-2043	1,911,870	713,130	2,625,000
2044-2048	2,119,786	505,214	2,625,000
2049-2053	2,350,312	274,688	2,625,000
2054-2057	1,399,908	43,841	1,443,749
Total	\$ 11,726,598	\$ 4,756,546	\$ 16,483,144

# **Subscriptions-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)**

The District entered into a SBITA for the general operations of the District. The subscription term of the SBITA started on July 1, 2022 and ends on June 30, 2025. At June 30, 2023, the District recognized a right-to-use subscriptions IT asset of \$395,022 and no SBITA liability related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$131,674 in amortization expense, \$395,022 and \$1,317 in principal and interest expenditures. The subscription has an interest rate of 4%.

### **Classified Early Retirement Program**

The District has entered into contracts with certain eligible employees whereby a predetermined percentage of the employees final years' salary will be paid for a 60-month period for Certificated employees and a 36-month period for Classified employees and continued medical insurance coverage equivalent to the medical plan in effect for all Classified employees until age 65. The outstanding contract amount for this purpose is \$894,660.

# **PARS Early Retirement Program**

The District has entered into an agreement with the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS) to provide an early retirement incentive to qualified certificated employees. The District is required to make annual payments to the program for the benefit of participating retirees. The District's outstanding obligation at June 30, 2023, is \$2,067,208.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the District at June 30, 2023, amounted to \$681,680.

# Note 11 - Net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Net OPEB Liability	 erred Outflows f Resources	 erred Inflows f Resources	OPEB Expense
Retiree Health Plan	\$ 22,310,427	\$ 9,314,274	\$ 7,844,835	\$ 2,616,895
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program	947,347	 		(243,214)
Total	\$ 23,257,774	\$ 9,314,274	\$ 7,844,835	\$ 2,373,681

The details of each plan are as follows:

#### **District Plan**

# **Plan Administration**

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. There are no required contributions to the trust. Contributions are made based on the availability of funds and administrations directives.

June 30, 2023

The Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) administers the District's Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses.

Financial information for PARS can be found on the PARS website at: http://www.pars.org.

# Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	99
Active employees	2,317
Total	2,416

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Madera Unified Teachers Association (MUTA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. Voluntary contributions based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, and any additional amounts to prefund benefits with the District, MUTA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups are based on availability of funds. For the measurement period of June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$3,019,587 to the Plan, of which \$2,519,587 was used for current premiums and \$500,000 was used to fund the OPEB Trust.

#### **Net OPEB Liability of the District**

The District's net OPEB liability of \$22,310,427 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 32,329,477 (10,019,050)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 22,310,427
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	30.99%

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	6.00%
Investment rate of return	6.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.00% for 2023, 5.50% for 2024, 5.25% for 2025-2029,
	5.00% for 2030-2039, 4.75% for 2040-2049,
	4.50% for 2050-2069, and 4.00% for 2070 and later years;
	Medicare ages: 4.50% for 2023-2029 and 4.00% for
	2030 and later years.
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Employee pays excess premiums over \$1,391/month,
	scheduled to increase by 3.0% a year.

The preretirement and postretirement mortality rates for active certificated employees were based on the CalSTRS Experience Analysis (2015-2018) and for active classified employees were based on the CalPERS Experience Study (1997-2015).

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2023.

# **Changes in the Net OPEB Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)	
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 31,851,370	\$ 8,797,904	\$ 23,053,466	
Service cost	957,466	-	957,466	
Interest	1,894,044	-	1,894,044	
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	(1,802,830)	-	(1,802,830)	
Changes of assumptions	1,949,014	-	1,949,014	
Contributions - employer	-	3,019,587	(3,019,587)	
Benefit payments	(2,519,587)	(2,519,587)	-	
Net investment income	-	748,834	(748,834)	
Administrative expense		(27,688)	27,688	
Net change in total OPEB liability	478,107	1,221,146	(743,039)	
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 32,329,477	\$ 10,019,050	\$ 22,310,427	

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes of Assumptions - There was a change in the inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.50%. The health care cost trend rate changed from 4.00% to 6.00%

# Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net OPEB
Discount Rate	Liability
1% decrease (5.00%)	\$ 24,861,104
Current discount rate (6.00%)	22,310,427
1% increase (7.00%)	19,945,316

# Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rate:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (5.00%) Current healthcare cost trend rate (6.00%)	\$ 19,069,943 22,310,427
1% increase (7.00%)	26,131,691

#### OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,616,895. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	6,492,281 2,158,283	\$	2,256,155 5,216,552	
earnings on OPEB plan investments		663,710		372,128	
Total	\$	9,314,274	\$	7,844,835	

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB trust investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflo	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources		
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$	78,143 77,053 178,629 (42,243)		
Total	\$	291,582		

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to differences between the expected and actual experience and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outfle	Deferred Dws/(Inflows) Resources
2024	\$	197,176
2025		197,176
2026		197,177
2027		197,175
2028		197,176
Thereafter		191,977
Total	\$	1,177,857

# Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

# **Plan Description**

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB)Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

# **Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense**

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$947,347 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.2876% and 0.2985%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0109%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$243,214).

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2022, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through	July 1, 2015 through
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.54%	2.16%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2021, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 209 or an average of 0.14% of the potentially eligible population (145,282).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2022, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is 3.54%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 3.54%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2022, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate increased 1.38% from 2.16% as of June 30, 2021.

#### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	 Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.54%) Current discount rate (3.54%)	\$ 1,032,791 947.347
1% increase (4.54%)	873,364

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rates		Net OPEB Liability		
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B)	\$	869,226		
Current Medicare costs trend rates (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)		947,347		
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)		1,035,902		

Note 12 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable Revolving cash Stores inventories Prepaid expenditures	\$ 50,000 546,698 81,475	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 5,140 962,476	\$ 55,140 1,509,174 81,475
Total nonspendable	678,173				967,616	1,645,789
Restricted Legally restricted programs Student activities Food service Capital projects Debt service	79,088,467 - - - -	- - - 37,928,303 -	- - - 50,197,232 -	- - - -	512,349 841,779 6,807,158 7,028,003 9,161,348	79,600,816 841,779 6,807,158 95,153,538 9,161,348
Total restricted	79,088,467	37,928,303	50,197,232		24,350,637	191,564,639
Committed Positions moved to ESSER II Adult education program Concentration funds for unduplicated Textbooks	13,614,028 10,453,468	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- 241,268 - -	22,000,000 241,268 13,614,028 10,453,468
Total committed	46,067,496				241,268	46,308,764
Assigned Vacation accruals Capital projects	635,566	<u>-</u>	- -	72,873,469	307,147	942,713 72,873,469
Total assigned	635,566			72,873,469	307,147	73,816,182
Unassigned Reserve for economic uncertainties Remaining unassigned	12,183,740 26,493,369		- -		- -	12,183,740 26,493,369
Total unassigned	38,677,109					38,677,109
Total	\$165,146,811	\$37,928,303	\$50,197,232	\$ 72,873,469	\$25,866,668	\$352,012,483

# Note 13 - Risk Management

#### **Property and Liability**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the District contracted with the California Risk Management Authority (CRMA) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

# Workers' Compensation

The District pays for workers' compensation through the California Risk Management Authority.

# **Employee Medical Benefits**

The District has contracted with California's Valued Trust to provide employee health, dental and vision benefits. Benefits are self-funded and are paid out of the assets of the Trust. Each participating school district's contribution to the Trust is determined by the collective bargaining agreement between the individual district and CTA or California School Employees Association and/or by the participating agreement between the district and the Trust with respect to employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow.

# Note 14 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Pe	Net nsion Liability	erred Outflows f Resources	ferred Inflows f Resources	Per	nsion Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$	133,151,636 89,357,890	\$ 45,073,712 34,829,434	\$ 24,859,744 3,103,028	\$	13,838,420 12,898,006
Total	\$	222,509,526	\$ 79,903,146	\$ 27,962,772	\$	26,736,426

The details of each plan are as follows:

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program			
	On or before	On or after		
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	60	62		
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%		
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%		
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%		
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%		

#### **Contributions**

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$24,671,858.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share

Proportionate share of net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 133,151,636 66,681,819
Total	\$ 199,833,455

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.1916% and 0.1986%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0070%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,838,420. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$5,377,845 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$	24,671,858	\$	-
made and District's proportionate share of contributions  Differences between projected and actual earnings		13,689,276		8,364,777
on pension plan investments  Differences between expected and actual experience		-		6,511,373
in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions		109,226 6,603,352		9,983,594 -
Total	\$	45,073,712	\$	24,859,744

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ (4,783,087) (5,181,665) (7,783,914) 11,237,293	
Total	\$ (6,511,373)	

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$ 6,055,904 91,027 (1,281,516) (184,261) (1,071,568) (1,556,103)	
Total	\$ 2,053,483	

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%
•	

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent

consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Real estate	15%	3.6%
Private equity	13%	6.3%
Fixed income	12%	1.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	(0.4%)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 226,140,863
Current discount rate (7.10%)	133,151,636
1% increase (8.10%)	55,942,620

School Employer Pool (CalPERS)

### California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

# **Plan Description**

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Foor (can End)	
	On or before	On or after
	On or before	On or arter
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	25.370%	25.370%

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$12,039,507.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$89,357,890. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.2597% and 0.2453%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0144%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$12,898,006. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	erred Outflows f Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$ 12,039,507	\$ -
made and District's proportionate share of contributions  Differences between projected and actual earnings on	5,225,156	879,689
pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience	10,550,737	-
in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions	 403,845 6,610,189	 2,223,339 -
Total	\$ 34,829,434	\$ 3,103,028

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

June 30, 2023

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 1,759,528 1,560,579 797,162 6,433,468	
Total	\$ 10,550,737	

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflo	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$	3,148,630 3,521,850 2,437,195 28,487	
Total	\$	9,136,162	

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.45%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 129,081,997
Current discount rate (6.90%)	89,357,890
1% increase (7.90%)	56,527,376

# **Social Security**

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District contributes 6.2% of an employee's gross earnings. An employee is required to contribute 6.2% of his or her gross earnings to the pension plan.

# On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$10,697,147 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements and have been included in the calculation of available reserves.

# Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

#### Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

# Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

#### **Construction Commitments**

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

Capital Projects	Remaining Construction Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Matilda Torres High School - New Stadium Berenda Elementary School - Bus Loading Zone	\$ 12,756,545 160,918	February 2024 December 2023
Total	\$ 12,917,463	

#### Note 16 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools

The District is a member of the California Risk Management Authority (CRMA) and the California's Valued Trust (CVT) public entity risk pools. The District pays an annual premium to these entities for its property and liability, workers' compensation and employee benefits coverage. The relationship between the District and the pools is such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and its financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the entities.

The District has appointed one member to the governing board of CRMA and CVT.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District made payment of \$1,666,616 to CRMA for property and liability, and \$2,274,756 for workers' compensation coverage.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District made payment of \$45,711,897 to CVT for employee benefits.



Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

# Madera Unified School District

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	to Actual
<b>D</b>				
Revenues	¢204.016.E20	\$307,312,504	¢ 202 776 122	\$ (23,536,382)
Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources	\$284,916,539 72,165,798	39,999,078	\$283,776,122 67,717,718	27,718,640
Other State sources	38,977,270	47,313,255	103,920,265	56,607,010
Other local sources	7,182,238	7,702,850	8,420,512	717,662
Other local sources	7,102,230	7,702,030	0,420,312	717,002
Total revenues	403,241,845	402,327,687	463,834,617	61,506,930
Expenditures Current				
Certificated salaries	141,174,028	140,436,913	140,662,248	(225,335)
Classified salaries	47,883,091	50,846,398	53,878,362	(3,031,964)
Employee benefits	105,082,562	106,958,874	99,923,006	7,035,868
Books and supplies	64,250,895	23,368,990	20,008,801	3,360,189
Services and operating expenditures	28,870,269	35,493,106	42,141,745	(6,648,639)
Other outgo	3,993,668	4,714,923	5,981,741	(1,266,818)
Capital outlay	6,032,290	18,656,855	13,250,560	5,406,295
Debt service				
Debt service - principal	857,042	350,971	857,042	(506,071)
Debt service - interest and other	51,488	40,069	61,180	(21,111)
Total expenditures	398,195,333	380,867,099	376,764,685	4,102,414
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	5,046,512	21,460,588	87,069,932	65,609,344
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Sources from leases Sources from subscription-based IT	30,000 -	60,000 -	81,666 1,291,322	21,666 1,291,322
arrangements	- (24 OOF FOO)	- (28,001,375)	395,022	395,022
Transfers out Other uses	(24,005,500) (10,000)	(10,000)	(31,046,334)	(3,044,959) 10,000
Other uses	(10,000)	(10,000)		10,000
Net financing sources (uses)	(23,985,500)	(27,951,375)	(29,278,324)	(1,326,949)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(18,938,988)	(6,490,787)	57,791,608	64,282,395
Fund Balance - Beginning	107,355,203	107,355,203	107,355,203	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 88,416,215	\$100,864,416	\$165,146,811	\$ 64,282,395

	2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 957,466	\$ 867,197	\$ 811,889
Interest	1,894,044	1,858,032	1,647,308
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,802,830)	-	2,377,591
Difference between expected and actual plan earnings Changes of assumptions	- 1,949,014	-	- 561,901
Benefit payments	(2,519,587)	(1,919,753)	(1,963,488)
Net change in total OPEB liability	478,107	805,476	3,435,201
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	31,851,370	31,045,894	27,610,693
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 32,329,477	\$ 31,851,370	\$ 31,045,894
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 3,019,587	\$ 7,419,753	\$ 2,463,488
Net investment income	748,834	(615,665)	696,898
Difference between expected and actual plan earnings	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(2,519,587)	(1,919,753)	(1,963,488)
Administrative expense	(27,688)	(15,303)	(9,836)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,221,146	4,869,032	1,187,062
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	8,797,904	3,928,872	2,741,810
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 10,019,050	\$ 8,797,904	\$ 3,928,872
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 22,310,427	\$ 23,053,466	\$ 27,117,022
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	30.99%	27.62%	12.66%
Covered Payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Net/Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A 1	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The District's OPEB Plan is administered through a trust, however, contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 590,491	\$ 653,482	\$ 634,449
Interest	1,666,544	898,745	927,918
Difference between expected and actual experience	8,208,721	-	-
Difference between expected and actual plan earnings	(634,894)	- (1 142 221)	-
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	(8,694,252) (1,488,306)	(1,142,321)	- 12 690 964\
		(2,305,085)	(2,680,864)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(351,696)	(1,895,179)	(1,118,497)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	27,962,389	29,857,568	30,976,065
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 27,610,693	\$ 27,962,389	\$ 29,857,568
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 4,099,707		
Net investment income	141,526		
Difference between expected and actual plan earnings	(5,450)		
Benefit payments	(1,488,306)		
Administrative expense	(5,667)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2,741,810		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	_		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 2,741,810		
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 24,868,883		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	9.93%		
Covered Payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A 1	N/A 1
Net/Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A 1	N/A 1	N/A 1
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The District's OPEB Plan is administered through a trust, however, contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.2876%	0.2985%	0.3203%	0.3099%	0.3050%	0.3050%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 947,347	\$ 1,190,561	\$ 1,357,395	\$ 1,154,141	\$ 1,242,438	\$ 1,242,438
Covered payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A 1				
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A 1	N/A <sup>1</sup>	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.94%)	(0.80%)	(0.71%)	(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
CalSTRS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1916%	0.1986%	0.1838%	0.1752%	0.1808%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 133,151,636 66,681,819	\$ 90,366,761 45,469,049	\$ 178,140,520 91,831,459	\$ 158,229,205 86,324,595	\$ 166,206,226 95,160,838
Total	\$ 199,833,455	\$ 135,835,810	\$ 269,971,979	\$ 244,553,800	\$ 261,367,064
Covered payroll	\$ 112,792,423	\$ 107,000,354	\$ 98,063,000	\$ 97,230,516	\$ 96,877,838
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	118.05%	84.45%	181.66%	162.74%	171.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	87%	72%	73%	71%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
CalPERS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2597%	0.2453%	0.2306%	0.2353%	0.2327%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 89,357,890	\$ 49,875,383	\$ 70,770,353	\$ 68,572,169	\$ 62,042,813
Covered payroll	\$ 39,900,882	\$ 35,881,755	\$ 33,261,640	\$ 32,720,513	\$ 30,838,735
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	223.95%	139.00%	212.77%	209.57%	201.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	81%	70%	70%	71%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS				
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1684%	0.1650%	0.1630%	0.1504%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 155,779,286 92,157,710	\$ 133,433,285 75,961,189	\$ 109,768,136 58,055,243	\$ 87,863,363 53,055,692
Total	\$ 247,936,996	\$ 209,394,474	\$ 167,823,379	\$ 140,919,055
Covered payroll	\$ 90,127,401	\$ 83,354,240	\$ 74,943,153	\$ 68,012,364
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	172.84%	160.08%	146.47%	129.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69%	70%	74%	77%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
CalPERS				
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2240%	0.2119%	0.2062%	0.1894%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 53,481,744	\$ 41,858,308	\$ 30,391,170	\$ 21,502,181
Covered payroll	\$ 28,608,648	\$ 25,446,577	\$ 22,981,956	\$ 20,186,890
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	186.94%	164.49%	132.24%	106.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72%	74%	79%	83%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
CalSTRS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 24,671,858	\$ 19,084,478	\$ 17,280,557	\$ 16,768,773	\$ 15,829,128
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	24,671,858	19,084,478	17,280,557	16,768,773	15,829,128
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 129,172,031	\$ 112,792,423	\$ 107,000,354	\$ 98,063,000	\$ 97,230,516
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%	17.10%	16.28%
CalPERS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 12,039,507	\$ 9,141,292	\$ 7,427,523	\$ 6,559,528	\$ 5,909,979
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	12,039,507	9,141,292	7,427,523	6,559,528	5,909,979
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 47,455,684	\$ 39,900,882	\$ 35,881,755	\$ 33,261,640	\$ 32,720,513
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	25.370%	22.910%	20.700%	19.721%	18.062%

	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 13,979,472	\$ 11,338,027	\$ 8,943,910	\$ 6,654,952
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	13,979,472	11,338,027	8,943,910	6,654,952
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 96,877,838	\$ 90,127,401	\$ 83,354,240	\$ 74,943,153
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%
CalPERS				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,789,564	\$ 3,973,169	\$ 3,014,656	\$ 2,705,206
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	4,789,564	3,973,169	3,014,656	2,705,206
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 30,838,735	\$ 28,608,648	\$ 25,446,577	\$ 22,981,956
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%

### Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

#### Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the net/total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the plan's fiduciary net position, and the net/total OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions There was a change in the inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.50%. The health care cost trend rate changed from 4.00% to 6.00%

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability - MPP Program and the plan's fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 2.16% to 3.54% since the previous valuation.

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- Changes of Assumptions There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS plan from the previous valuations. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.15% to 6.90% since the previous valuation.

#### Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

# Madera Unified School District

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education Sustaining Upgraded Culture and Climate through an Enhanced System of Supports (SUCCESS) Program Enhancing MUSD Pupil Overall Wellbeing by Employing and Retaining Exceptional and	84.184G	[1]	\$ 658,350
Diverse Staff (EMPOWERED Staff) Program Subtotal, 84.184	84.184H	[1]	1,386 659,736
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE) Title I - Part A, Basic ESSA School Improvement (CSI) Funding for LEAs	84.010 84.010	14329 15438	11,845,374 1,316,205
Subtotal, 84.010			13,161,579
Title I - Part C, Migrant Education - Regular Title I - Part C, Migrant Education - Summer	84.011 84.011	14326 10005	510,661 5,691
Subtotal, 84.011			516,352
Title III - English Language Acquisition - Limited English Proficient	84.365	14346	826,376
COVID-19, ESSER - California Community Schools Partnership Program COVID-19, 21st Century Community Learning Centers (CCLC) Rate Increase COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund COVID-19, Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III (ESSER III): Learning Loss COVID-19, Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs COVID-19, Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss COVID-19, American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II) COVID-19, American Rescue Plan-Homeless Children and Youth (ARP-HCY) Program	84.425 84.425 84.425D 84.425U 84.425D 84.425U 84.425U 84.425U 84.425W 84.425W	15537 15651 15547 15559 15618 10155 15620 15621 15566 15564	206,362 65,180 10,453,147 30,226,181 1,873,744 1,503,566 1,558,941 856,896 174,109 31,508
Subtotal, 84.425			46,949,634

<sup>[1]</sup> Pass-Through Identifying Number not available

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through CDE			
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ELA (Section 231) Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education (Section 231) Adult English Literacy and Civics Education Adult Education: Institutionalized Adults (Section 225)	84.002A 84.002 84.002A 84.002	14508 13978 14109 13971	188,735 155,458 6,221 
Subtotal, 84.002			370,597
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education Grants to States - Basic Local Assistance Special Education: IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Early Intervening Services Special Education - Local Assistance, Part B, Private Schools	84.027 84.027 84.027	13379 10119 10115	1,220,058 258,981 12,042
Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,491,081
Career and Technical Education - Secondary, Section 131 ESEA - Education for Homeless Children and Youth, Subtitle VII-B McKinney-Vento Act Title IV - Part B, Twenty First Century Community Learning Centers Title II - Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Title IV - Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.048 84.196 84.287 84.367 84.424	14894 14332 14349 14341 15396	225,689 75,506 1,653,878 1,277,751 595,228
Total U.S. Department of Education			67,803,407
U.S. Department of Justice STOP School Violence COPS Office School Violence Prevention Program (SVPP) Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.839 16.710	[1] [1]	189,724 95,184 284,908

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through CDE Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster COVID-19, Child Development: ARP California State Preschool Program One-time Stipend	93.575	15640	86,651
Subtotal, CCDF Cluster			86,651
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through CDE Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program - National School Breakfast School Breakfast Program - Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553 10.553	13525 13526	260,285 2,474,998
Subtotal, 10.553			2,735,283
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Meal Supplements National School Lunch Program - Commodity Supplemental Food Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555 10.555 10.555 10.555	13391 13396 13391 15655	10,542,781 442,698 1,348,578 483,352
Subtotal, 10.555			12,817,409
National School Lunch Program - Summer Food Program Child Nutrition: Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.559 10.582	13004 14968	169,697 538,773
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			16,261,162
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			16,261,162
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 84,436,128

### Organization

The Madera Unified School District was established in 1966 and consists of an area comprising approximately 400 square miles. The District operates eighteen elementary schools, three middle schools, two comprehensive high schools, two alternative education schools, one community day school, and one adult education school. There were no boundary changes during the year.

### **Governing Board**

Member	Office	Term Expires
Ray G Seiber	Trustee	2024
Gladys A Diebert	Trustee	2026
Ruben Mendoza	Clerk	2024
Joetta Fleak	Trustee	2026
Lucy Salazar	Board President	2026
Israel Cortes	Trustee	2024
Nadeem Ahmad	Trustee	2026

#### Administration

Todd Lile Superintendent

Sandon Schwartz Deputy Superintendent

Sheryl Sisil Associate Superintendent of Educational Services
Oracio Rodriguez Assistant Superintendent of School Leadership
Joseph Aiello Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources

Prince Marshall Assistant Superintendent of Student & Family Support Services

Arelis Garcia Chief Financial Officer

Jesse Carrasco Area Assistant Superintendent Ladislao Lopez Area Assistant Superintendent

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	5,747.81	5,762.73
Fourth through sixth	4,321.43	4,321.90
Seventh and eighth	2,733.64	2,723.36
Ninth through twelfth	5,661.50	5,610.43
Total regular ADA	18,464.38	18,418.42
Extended Year Special Education		
Transitional kindergarten through third	2.82	2.82
Fourth through sixth	2.01	2.01
Seventh and eighth	0.65	0.65
Ninth through twelfth	0.49	0.49
Total extended year special education	5.97	5.97
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Fourth through sixth	0.87	0.87
Community Day School		
Seventh and eighth	6.47	7.55
Ninth through twelfth	14.91	15.14
Total community day school	21.38	22.69
Total ADA	18,492.60	18,447.95

Grade Level	1986-1987 Minutes Requirement	2022-2023 Actual Minutes	Number of Actual Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	58,770	180	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400			
Grade 1		60,105	180	Complied
Grade 2		60,105	180	Complied
Grade 3		60,105	180	Complied
Grades 4 - 8	54,000			
Grade 4		60,105	180	Complied
Grade 5		60,105	180	Complied
Grade 6		60,105	180	Complied
Grade 7		60,052	180	Complied
Grade 8		60,052	180	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800	·		·
Grade 9	ŕ	64,951	180	Complied
Grade 10		64,951	180	Complied
Grade 11		64,951	180	Complied
Grade 12		64,951	180	Complied

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2023.

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	(Budget) 2024 <sup>1</sup>	2023	2022 1	2021 1
General Fund Revenues Other sources	\$ 424,237,451 60,000	\$ 463,834,617 1,768,010	\$ 357,343,585 68,558	\$ 311,346,730 91,566
Total revenues and other sources	424,297,451	465,602,627	357,412,143	311,438,296
Expenditures Other uses	478,253,936 16,011,375	376,764,685 31,046,334	310,260,748 35,306,375	281,215,330 12,907,791
Total expenditures and other uses	494,265,311	407,811,019	345,567,123	294,123,121
Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balance	(69,967,860)	57,791,608	11,845,020	17,315,175
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 95,178,951	\$ 165,146,811	\$ 107,355,203	\$ 95,510,183
Available Reserves <sup>2</sup>	\$ 47,879,188	\$ 38,677,109	\$ 43,599,417	\$ 72,659,663
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	9.69%	9.48%	12.62%	24.70%
Long-Term Liabilities <sup>3</sup>	Not Available	\$ 539,079,328	\$ 464,933,016	\$ 587,845,896
Average Daily Attendance at P-2	18,584	18,493	17,661	19,147

The General Fund balance has increased by \$69,636,628 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2023-2024 budget projects a decrease of \$69,967,860 (42.4 percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2023-2024 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have decreased by \$48,766,568 over the past two years due primarily to the changes in pension and OPEB liabilities.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 654 over the past year; however, growth of 91 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2023-2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Financial information for 2024, 2022, and 2021 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances contained within the General Fund.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Long-term liabilities balance was restated as of July 1, 2021, due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87.

Name of Charter School	Charter Number	Included in Audit Report
Ezequiel Tafoya Alvarado Academy	0676	No
Sherman Thomas Charter High School	1058	No
Sherman Thomas Charter School	0507	No
Sherman Thomas STEM Academy	1780	No

## Madera Unified School District Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Student Activities Fund	_ E	Adult ducation Fund	De	Child evelopment Fund		afeteria Fund	Faci	oital lities Ind		Bond erest and demption Fund		OP Debt Service Fund	No Gove	Total n-Major ernmental Funds
Assets																
Deposits and investments	\$	841,779	\$	189,885	\$	465,832		,814,752	\$ 7,66	53,137	\$ 8	8,419,293	\$	742,055	-	.,136,733
Receivables		-		387,088		560,388	4	,630,060		-		-		-	5	,577,536
Due from other funds		-		-		41,408		136,118		-		-		-		177,526
Stores inventories					_	-		962,476								962,476
Total assets	\$	841,779	\$	576,973	\$	1,067,628	\$ 8	,543,406	\$ 7,66	53,137	\$ 8	8,419,293	\$	742,055	\$ 27	,854,271
Liabilities																
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	26,558	\$	37,056	\$	280,077	\$ 55	53,468	\$	_	\$	-	\$	897,159
Due to other funds	•	-	·	, -	·	674	•	490,555	•	31,666	•	-	·	-	·	572,895
Unearned revenue		-				517,549										517,549
Total liabilities				26,558		555,279		770,632	63	35,134				_	1	.,987,603
Fund Balances				2.000				005 010								067.616
Nonspendable Restricted		- 841,779		2,000		- 512,349	6	965,616 ,807,158	7.03	28,003	9	- 8,419,293		- 742,055	2/	967,616 ,350,637
Committed		-		241,268		J12,J4 <i>3</i> -	O,		7,02	-	•	-		742,033	24	241,268
Assigned		-		307,147		-		-		-		-		-		307,147
_							1	•						,		
Total fund balances		841,779		550,415		512,349	7	,772,774	7,02	28,003		8,419,293		742,055	25	,866,668
Total liabilities and																
fund balances	\$	841,779	\$	576,973	\$	1,067,628	\$ 8	,543,406	\$ 7.66	53,137	\$ 8	8,419,293	\$	742,055	\$ 27	,854,271
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Funds

	Student Activities Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund
Revenues Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ - - 1,129,407	\$ 370,597 1,240,633 139,791	\$ - 3,462,871 36,312	\$ 16,261,162 4,244,063 177,452
Total revenues	1,129,407	1,751,021	3,499,183	20,682,677
Expenditures Current Instruction	-	750,194	2,693,298	_
Instruction-related activities Supervision of instruction School site administration Pupil services	-	15,261 543,296	537,673 4,155	-
Food services All other pupil services Administration	-	- 68,299	-	17,525,753 -
All other administration Plant services Ancillary services	- - 1,117,118	8,241 351,615 -	204,961 10,917 -	490,544 592,488 -
Facility acquisition and construction Debt service Principal	, , , -	-	139,352	-
Interest and other				
Total expenditures	1,117,118	1,736,906	3,590,356	18,608,785
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	12,289	14,115	(91,173)	2,073,892
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	<u>-</u>		40,834	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)			40,834	
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,289	14,115	(50,339)	2,073,892
Fund Balance - Beginning	829,490	536,300	562,688	5,698,882
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 841,779	\$ 550,415	\$ 512,349	\$ 7,772,774

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year	Ended	June	30.	2023
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	Capital Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	COP Debt Service Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,631,759
Other State sources Other local sources	4,131,350	62,307 9,486,449	12,603	9,009,874 15,113,364
Total revenues	4,131,350	9,548,756	12,603	40,754,997
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction Instruction-related activities	-	-	-	3,443,492
Supervision of instruction	_	_	_	552,934
School site administration	-	-	-	547,451
Pupil services				
Food services	-	-	-	17,525,753
All other pupil services Administration	-	-	-	68,299
All other administration	18,600	_	-	722,346
Plant services	-	-	-	955,020
Ancillary services	-	-	-	1,117,118
Facility acquisition and construction	2,136,645	-	-	2,275,997
Debt service Principal	_	6,060,000	2,110,000	8,170,000
Interest and other	-	5,262,696	4,074,579	9,337,275
Total expenditures	2,155,245	11,322,696	6,184,579	44,715,685
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	1,976,105	(1,773,940)	(6,171,976)	(3,960,688)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	6,187,911	6,228,745
Transfers out	(1,264,077)			(1,264,077)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,264,077)		6,187,911	4,964,668
Net Change in Fund Balances	712,028	(1,773,940)	15,935	1,003,980
Fund Balance - Beginning	6,315,975	10,193,233	726,120	24,862,688
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 7,028,003	\$ 8,419,293	\$ 742,055	\$ 25,866,668

### Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Madera Unified School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Madera Unified School District, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position or fund balances of Madera Unified School District.

### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

#### **Indirect Cost Rate**

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

#### **Food Donation**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, the District had used such food commodities in the amount of \$1,348,578 for the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

#### **SEFA Reconciliation**

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts consist primarily of COVID-19, Child Development: ARP California State Preschool Program One-time Stipend that in the previous period were recorded as revenues but were unspent. These unspent balances have been expended in the current period.

	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Amount
Description Total Federal Revenues reported on the financial statements COVID-19, Child Development: ARP California State		\$ 84,349,477
Preschool Program One-time Stipend	93.575	86,651
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ 84,436,128

### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

#### Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### **Schedule of Charter Schools**

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

# Non-Major Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



Independent Auditor's Reports June 30, 2023

# Madera Unified School District



# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Governing Board Madera Unified School District Madera, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madera Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2023.

#### Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. There was no effect on beginning net position and fund balance due to the implementation of this standard. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 14, 2023.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fresno, California December 14, 2023

sde Sailly LLP



# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board Madera Unified School District Madera, California

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Madera Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles,* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over

compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fresno, California December 14, 2023

Ede Sailly LLP



#### **Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance**

To the Governing Board Madera Unified School District Madera, California

#### **Report on Compliance**

#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

We have audited Madera Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2022-2023 *Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual
  Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over
  compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures
2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	<u>Performed</u>
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes

	Procedures
2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Performed
Early Retirement Incentive	No (see below)
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No (see below)
Middle or Early College High Schools	No (see below)
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	` Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No (see below)
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	` Yes
District of Choice	No (see below)
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No (see below)
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No (see below)
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance	No (see below)
Mode of Instruction	No (see below)
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No (see below)
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	No (see below)
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	No (see below)
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No (see below)

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

We did not perform Juvenile Court Schools procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform Middle or Early College High Schools procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

The District did not elect to operate as a school district of choice; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to District of Choice.

We did not perform California Clean Energy Jobs Act procedures because the related procedures were performed in a previous year.

The District does not offer an Independent Study - Course Based program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Independent Study - Course Based Program.

Additionally, the Charter School is independent of the District; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to charter schools.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fresno, California December 14, 2023

Esde Sailly LLP



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2023

# Madera Unified School District

No

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting
Material weaknesses identified

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

### **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major program

Material weaknesses identified

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a) No

#### **Identification of major programs**

identification of major programs	Federal Financial Assistance
Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Listing Number
COVID-19, ESSER - California Community Schools	
Partnership Program	84.425
COVID-19, 21st Century Community Learning Centers	
(CCLC) Rate Increase	84.425
COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary Emergency Relief	
(ESSER II) Fund	84.425D
COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	
Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U
COVID-19, Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant	
ESSER II State Reserve	84.425D
COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	
Relief Fund III (ESSER III): Learning Loss	84.425U
COVID-19, Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant:	0.4.40=1.1
ESSER III: State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425U
COVID-19, Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant:	04.43511
ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425U
COVID-19, American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and	04.435\\\
Youth II (ARP HYC II)	84.425W

## **Federal Awards**

## Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number
COVID-19, American Rescue Plan-Homeless Children and Youth (ARP-HCY) Program Child Nutrition Cluster	84.425W 10.553, 10.555, 10.559, 10.582
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$ 2,533,084
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No
State Compliance	
Internal control over state compliance programs Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	No None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs	Unmodified

None reported.

Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

None reported.

State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

None reported.

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### **Financial Statement Findings**

#### 2022-001 30000 - Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

#### **Criteria or Specific Requirements**

Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls to ensure the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Such internal controls should include a review of all adjusting entries, reclassifying entries, and conversion entries used in the preparation of the District's financial statements. The District should ensure that all applicable accounting principles are adhered to when preparing the financial statements.

#### Condition

During our testing of the District's state general apportionment and related year-end accruals we discovered a miscalculation which could have lead to a material audit adjustment to the unaudited financial statements. It appeared the issue was the in the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) apportionment calculation for the District. During our testing, we found that the District created an account receivable while auditors calculated a payable should have been set up.

#### **Questioned costs**

The above mentioned condition resulted in misstatement of \$1,537,916 in LCFF revenue for Madera Unified School District for the 2021-2022 fiscal year as reported in the Unaudited Actuals.

#### **Effect**

The LCFF payable of \$1,537,916 was nearly material, and an audit adjustment was almost necessary. The potential adjustment would have also impacted the entity wide full accrual financial statements.

#### Cause

The types of adjustments are extremely rare for the District. A few factors contributed to the oversight. The calculation is involved, and a complicated workbook is utilized to determine the Districts ending balances. Additionally, additional responsibilities and issues requiring attention regarding learning loss mitigation grants and programs puts an extra strain on the office.

#### Recommendation

In the future, the District should ensure that someone other than the preparer, that has knowledge of the calculation, reviews the final LCFF workbook prior to the related accruals being posted to balance the ending state's share of general apportionment funding.

### **Repeat Finding**

No. This finding is not a repeat of or related to a finding in the previous year.

#### **Current Status**

Implemented.